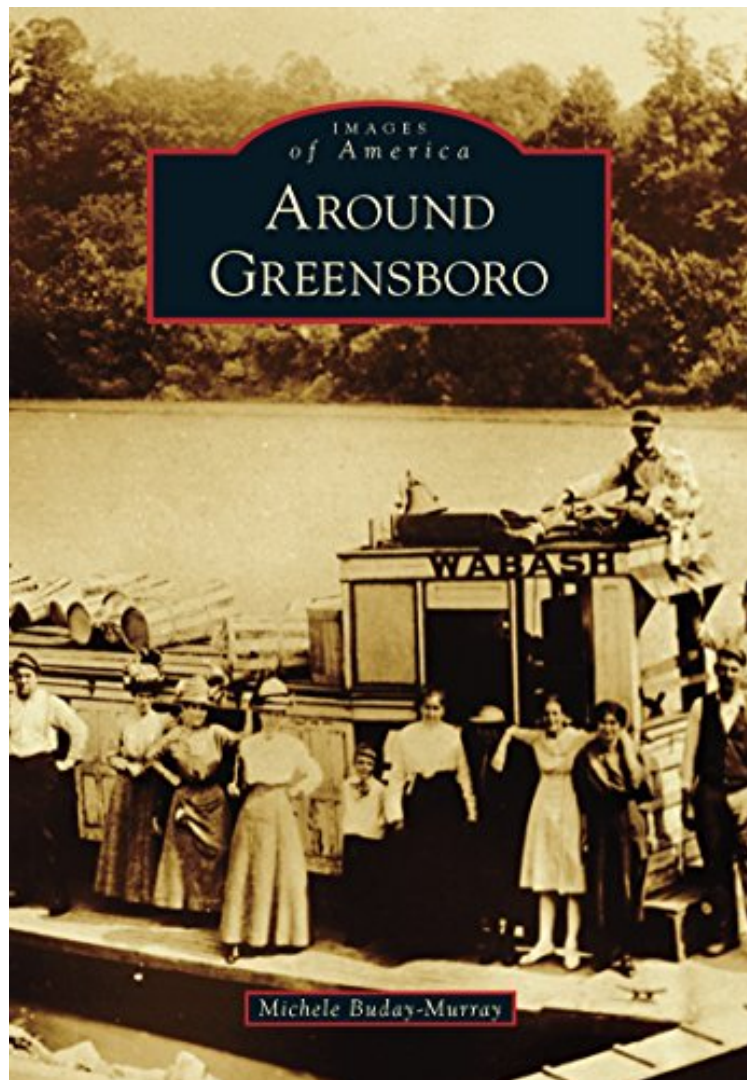


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Around Greensboro (Images of America)

Michele Buday-Murray

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Michele Buday-Murray : Around Greensboro (Images of America) before purchasing it in order to gauge whether or not it would be worth my time, and all praised Around Greensboro (Images of America):

0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. Great book, over too soonBy S. ThomasGot this for my mom who is from Greensboro. She was shocked to see a picture of her dad, Fred Thomas, in the firemen's group photo.0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. I enjoyed reading through the book and my dad even found ...By virginia-parsonsI bought two copies. One for my dad and one for me. I enjoyed reading through the book and my dad even found a picture of his great uncle. It made the book even more special.0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. but am sure I will love it. My ancestry from about 1800 until the ...By Jamie C Davie-WalterI have not actually received the book yet, but am sure I will love it. My ancestry from about 1800 until the mid 1900's is from

Greensboro. I would just like to comment on the book description, which states "Later, Albert Gallatin introduced a group of Belgian glassblowers to the area, and in 1807, the glassworks in Greensboro was opened." The glassblowers were not Belgian, they were German. How do I know? The glassblowers were Kramer, Reppert, Eberhart and Reitz, all of them my ancestors!

Around Greensboro covers communities of southeastern Greene County, including Greensboro at its heart. Greensboro was originally called Delight by the Mingo Indians who lived in the region. Because of its location on the Monongahela River, it quickly became an important trading location for the trappers and settlers moving through in the late 1700s. Later, Albert Gallatin introduced a group of Belgian glassblowers to the area, and in 1807, the glassworks in Greensboro was opened. As the glass business began to fade, another took its place. The area was rich in clay, which would be vital to the development of the pottery industry. From the 1840s to 1915, pottery was king in Greensboro, and the town boomed. As the pottery industry faded, it too would be replaced by another industry: coal. Greensboro, once famous for its glass and pottery, became known for its bituminous coal mines. This book covers the early days of Greensboro to the devastating Election Day Flood of 1985.

About the Author Michele Buday-Murray is a native of Mapletown, located several miles outside of Greensboro. She obtained her master's degree in education and is a certified history teacher. The photographs in this book come from the Borough of Greensboro, Greene County Historical Society, Cornerstone Genealogical Society, and private residents.